

U.S. FISH AND WILDLIFE SERVICE Region 7 - Alaska 1011 East Tudor Road Anchorage, Alaska 99503 (907)786-3309 (TDD Available)

News 13-15

June 21, 2013

Contact: Poppy Benson, (907) 226-4606; poppy_benson@fws.gov Merry Maxwell, (907) 226-4675; merry_maxwell@fws.gov

70th Anniversary of Battle of Attu Commemorated

Seventy years after young men fought and died on remote, wind-swept Attu Island in the Alaska Maritime National Wildlife Refuge, the U.S. Fish & Wildlife Service (USFWS) honored their sacrifices with the dedication of a new interpretive site on Attu. In addition to interpretive panels which tell the story of WWII in the Aleutians, a special plaque honors the deeds of Pvt. Joseph Martinez, the only Medal of Honor recipient in the Aleutian Campaign.

Three interpretive panels describe the Battle of Attu, the fate of the Attu villagers and a timeline of WWII in Alaska. Redwood benches, made by veterans, allow contemplation of the now peaceful scene on the uninhabited island. Captain William Pepper (U.S. Navy veteran) of the USFWS research vessel *R/V Tiglax*, and an honor guard of three other veterans from the ship's crew, conducted the dedication ceremony on June 3rd complete with taps played on a harmonica in the absence of a bugler. Captain Pepper said in his dedication remarks, "This island is hallowed ground, an important part of this nation's history, American soil that was taken by enemy forces and then recaptured through bravery and heroism."

The Battle of Attu was the only WWII land battle in the 50 United States. This 19-day battle from May 11-29, 1943, ended the year long Japanese occupation of Attu. It has been described as the 2^{nd} deadliest battle in the Pacific Theater (1^{st} is Iwo Jima) in that the cost to retake the island was very high. For every 100 Japanese on the island, 71 Americans were wounded, killed or injured. Over 500 Americans and 2400 Japanese died on Attu. American forces retook the island after overcoming a tenacious, dug-in foe and brutal weather for which they were poorly prepared. The war sites, part of the Alaska Maritime National Wildlife Refuge since 1913, are also now part of WWII Valor in the Pacific National Monument created in 2008 by President George W. Bush. This new monument, dedicated to telling the story of war in the Pacific, also includes refuge parcels on Alaska's Kiska and Atka Islands and Pearl Harbor, Hawaii and Tule Lake, California.

Along with the interpretive panels, the U.S. Fish & Wildlife Service's *R/V Tiglax* delivered a crew of specialists to Attu to assess the remnants of war and post-war military use. WWII debris, associated contaminants, and unexploded ordnance still litter the landscape, threatening water quality, wildlife and visitors. Contaminant specialists with the USFWS and archeologists from both the USFWS and the Army Corps of Engineers surveyed portions of Attu Island. This information will be used to establish guidelines to protect sensitive historical and environmental resources during future Army Corps of Engineers clean-up efforts on Attu.

The Battle of Attu Interpretive Site will ensure that future visitors will understand the magnitude and significance of the island's war history. Captain Pepper said in his final remarks "It is our great hope

that Attu Island will remain a peaceful sanctuary for wildlife, and that by learning from the past we can avoid Attu ever being a place of war again. We are honored to dedicate this site to the Attu war veterans and to the Native people who once lived on Attu."

For a 3-minute YouTube video of the Battle of Attu Interpretive Site Dedication (June 3, 2013) visit: http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=2Tt2wTKdJW4&feature=c4-overview&list=UUMqPAPfBGsDMs2UiD-5Tbbg
For more information about the Battle of Attu visit:

http://www.nps.gov/aleu/planyourvisit/upload/Brochure-2nd-printing-2nd-version.pdf

For more information about the Alaska Maritime National Wildlife Refuge visit: http://alaskamaritime.fws.gov/

Follow Alaska Maritime National Wildlife Refuge on Facebook at www.facebook.com/AlaskaMaritimeNationalWildlifeRefuge

For more information about the WWII Valor in the Pacific National Monument visit: http://alaskamaritime.fws.gov/pdf/valor.pdf

The mission of the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service is working with others to conserve, protect, and enhance fish, wildlife, plants, and their habitats for the continuing benefit of the American people. We are both a leader and trusted partner in fish and wildlife conservation, known for our scientific excellence, stewardship of lands and natural resources, dedicated professionals, and commitment to public service. For more information on our work and the people who make it happen, visit www.fws.gov. Connect with our Facebook page at www.twitter.com/usfwshq, watch our YouTube Channel at http://www.youtube.com/usfws and download photos from our Flickr page at http://www.flickr.com/photos/usfwshq.